Item 72.7

Hammon, A.

Understanding the Romano-British–Early Medieval Transition: A Zooarchaeological Perspective from Wroxeter (Viroconium Cornoviorum).

Britannia. 42:275-305; esp. 295-96.

BATHS BASILICA PHASING

Based on stratigraphy, artefact typologies, scientific dating and more subjective criteria, such as the probable life-span of wooden buildings, the following chronology has been suggested for the baths basilica:

Phase T–V (the Baths Basilica): late third–fourth century A.D. Phase W (the Baths Basilica): late fourth—mid-fifth century A.D. Phase X (the 'Building Yard'): late fifth–mid-sixth century A.D. Phase Y (the 'Market Place'): early sixth–late sixth century A.D. Phase Z (the 'Great Re-building'): early sixth–late seventh century A.D.

Table 3, pp.295-296. 19 birds to species level. In part ... The grey shading of numbers indicates evidence of butchered specimens.

| Grey heron (Ardea cinerea) | | | | | | 1 | |
|--|---|----|---|---|----|------|-------|
| cf. Mute swan (Cygnus cf. olar) | | | | | | • | 1 |
| Whooper swan (C. cygnus) | | | | | | 1 | • |
| Domestic / Greylag goose (Anser anser) | | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| cf. Barnacle goose (cf. Branta leucopsis) | | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Teal (Anas crecca) | | | | | 1 | 1 | |
| Teal / Garganey (A. crecca / A. Querquedula) | | 3 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| | 3 | 9 | | | 8 | 4 | 10 |
| Domestic / Mallard duck (A. platyrhynchos) | 3 | 9 | 1 | | 0 | 4 | 10 |
| Diving duck sp. (Aythya sp.) | | | | | 1 | | |
| Buzzard (Buteo buteo) | | | | | | | 4 |
| Black grouse (Tetrao tetrix) | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Grey partridge (Perdix perdix) | 1 | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| Water rail (Rallus aquaticus) | | | | | 1 | | |
| Corncrake (Crex crex) | | | | | | 1 | |
| Moorhen (Gallinula chloropus) | | - | | | 1 | | |
| Crane (Grus grus) | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| Golden plover (Pluvialis apricia) | | | | | | 1 | |
| Plover family (Charadriidae) | | 1 | | | 2 | 2 | |
| cf. Plover family (cf. Charadriidae) | | | | | | 1 | |
| cf. Jack snipe (cf. Lymnocryptes minimus) | | | | | | | 1 |
| Woodcock (Scolopax rusticola) | 2 | 23 | 4 | 9 | 20 | 23 | 21 |
| Wood pigeon (Columba palumbus) | | 2 | | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| cf. Wood pigeon (cf. C. palumbus) | | | | | | | 1 |
| Pigeon / Dove family (Columbidae) | | 7 | | 1 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| Barn owl (Tyto alba) | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 |
| cf. Long-eared owl (cf. Asio otus) | | 1 | | | | | |
| Owl family (Strigidae) | | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| | | | | | | Cont | inued |
| | | | | | | | |

TABLE 3. CONTINUED

| Taxa - Taxonomic group / Phase | T-V | \mathbf{w} | X | X-Y | Y | Y-Z | Z |
|---|-----|--------------|---|-----|----|-----|----|
| cf. Owl family (cf. Strigidae) | | | | | | | 1 |
| Jay (Garrulus glandarius) | | | | | | | 2 |
| Magpie (Pica pica) | | 2 | | 1 | 1 | | 3 |
| Jackdaw (Corvus monedula) | | 4 | | 3 | 15 | 4 | 6 |
| Rook / Crow (C. frugilegus / corone) | | 5 | | 2 | 2 | | 6 |
| Raven (Corvus corax) | 1 | 12 | | 9 | 4 | 6 | 9 |
| Crow family (Corvidae) | | 3 | | | 3 | | 2 |
| cf. Mistle thrush (cf. Turdus viscivorus) | | | | | | 1 | |
| Thrush family (Turdidae (Thrush)) | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Thrush / Starling family (Turdidae/Sturnidae) | 1 | 5 | | 1 | 5 | 12 | 5 |
| Small song-bird family (Small passerine) | 1 | 5 | | 3 | 15 | 13 | 19 |